



H.K.E. SOCIETY'S
Smt. Chinamma Basappa Patil Arts and
Commerce Degree College, Chincholi



DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMICS

MODIFIED SYLLABUS

Se

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II

IV

V

VI



ಗುಲಬರ್ಗಾ ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾಲಯ

ಜ್ಞಾನ ಗಂಗಾ, ಕಲಬುರಗಿ-585 106, ಕರ್ನಾಟಕ

ದೂರವಾಣಿ ಸಂ. 08472-263202 ಫ್ಯಾಕ್ಸ್: 08472-263206 ಇ-ಮೇಲ್: registrargug@rediffmail.com



ಕ್ರ.ಸಂ.ಗುವಿಕ/ವಿಮವಿ/ಬಿ.ಪಿ.ಎಸ್/2019-20/1127

ದಿನಾಂಕ: 21/10/19

ಅಧಿಸೂಚನೆ

ವಿಷಯ : ಬಿ.ಎ ಅರ್ಥಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ ಕೋರ್ಸಿನ ಪಠ್ಯಕ್ರಮವನ್ನು ಪರಿಷ್ಕರಿಸಿ ಜಾರಿಗೊಳಿಸಿದ ಬಗ್ಗೆ.

- ಉಲ್ಲೇಖ: 1. ಅಧ್ಯಯನ ಮಂಡಳಿ ಸಭೆ ದಿನಾಂಕ: 30.07.2019
2. ವಿದ್ಯಾವಿಷಯಕ ಪರಿಷತ್ ಸಭೆಯ ನಡವಳಿ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ II ದಿನಾಂಕ: 26.06.2018
3. ಕುಲಪತಿಗಳ ಅನುಮೋದನೆ ದಿನಾಂಕ: 11.10.2019

ಮಾನ್ಯ ಕುಲಪತಿಗಳ ಅನುಮೋದನೆ ಮೇರೆಗೆ ಸ್ನಾತಕ ಅರ್ಥಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ I ಮತ್ತು VI ನೇ ಸೆಮೆಸ್ಟರ್ ಪಠ್ಯಕ್ರಮಗಳನ್ನು ಅಧ್ಯಯನ ಮಂಡಳಿ ಸಭೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಪರಿಷ್ಕರಿಸಿ ಹಾಗೂ ಅನುಮೋದನೆ ಪಡೆಯಲಾಗಿರುತ್ತದೆ.

ಮುಂದುವರೆದು, ಸದರಿ ಪಠ್ಯಕ್ರಮವನ್ನು ವಿದ್ಯಾ ವಿಷಯಕ ಪರಿಷತ್ ಸಭೆಯ ಅನುಮೋದನೆ ನಿರೀಕ್ಷಿಸಿ ಮಾನ್ಯ ಕುಲಪತಿಗಳ ಅನುಮೋದನೆ ಮೇರೆಗೆ 2019-20ನೇ ಸಾಲಿಗೆ ಅನ್ವಯವಾಗುವಂತೆ ಸದರಿ ಕೋರ್ಸುಗಳ ಪಠ್ಯಕ್ರಮಗಳನ್ನು ಜಾರಿಗೊಳಿಸಲಾಗಿದೆ.

ಈ ಮಾಹಿತಿಯನ್ನು ಸಂಬಂಧಪಟ್ಟ ಶಿಕ್ಷಕರ ಹಾಗೂ ವಿದ್ಯಾರ್ಥಿಗಳ ಗಮನಕ್ಕೆ ತರಲು ಸೂಚಿಸಲಾಗಿದೆ. ಪಠ್ಯಕ್ರಮದ ವಿವರವನ್ನು ಗುಲಬರ್ಗಾ ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾಲಯದ ವೆಬ್‌ಸೈಟ್ www.gug.ac.in ದಿಂದ ಪಡೆಯಬಹುದು.

ಕುಲಸಚಿವರು
ಗುಲಬರ್ಗಾ ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾಲಯ, ಕಲಬುರಗಿ

ಗೆ,

1. ಮುಖ್ಯಸ್ಥರು, ಅರ್ಥಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ ವಿಭಾಗ, ಗು.ವಿ. ಕಲಬುರಗಿ
2. ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಪದವಿ ಮಹಾವಿದ್ಯಾಲಯಗಳ ಪ್ರಾಂಶುಪಾಲರಿಗೆ.

ಪ್ರತಿಗಳು:

1. ಡೀನ್‌ರು, ಸಮಾಜ ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ ನಿಕಾಯ, ಗು.ವಿ.ಕಲಬುರಗಿ ರವರ ಮಾಹಿತಿಗಾಗಿ.
2. ಕುಲಸಚಿವರು, (ಮೌಲ್ಯಮಾಪನ) ಗುಲಬರ್ಗಾ ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾಲಯ, ಕಲಬುರಗಿ ರವರ ಮಾಹಿತಿಗಾಗಿ.
3. ನಿರ್ದೇಶಕರು, ಯೋಜನೆ, ಮೇಲ್ವಿಚಾರಣೆ ಹಾಗೂ ಮೌಲ್ಯಮಾಪನ ಮಂಡಳಿ, ಗು.ವಿ. ಕಲಬುರಗಿ
4. ಗ್ರಂಥಪಾಲಕರು, ಗು.ವಿ.ಕಲಬುರಗಿ ರವರ ಮಾಹಿತಿಗಾಗಿ.
5. ಸಮಾಜ ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ ನಿಕಾಯದ ಎಲ್ಲಾ ವಿಭಾಗಗಳ ಮುಖ್ಯಸ್ಥರಿಗೆ
6. ಮುಖ್ಯಸ್ಥರು, ಗಣಕಕೇಂದ್ರ ಗು.ವಿ.ಕಲಬುರಗಿ ರವರ ಮಾಹಿತಿ ಹಾಗೂ ವೆಬ್‌ಸೈಟ್‌ನಲ್ಲಿ ಪ್ರಕಟಿಸಲು ತಿಳಿಸಿದೆ.
7. ಕುಲಪತಿಗಳ ಆಪ್ತ ಕಾರ್ಯದರ್ಶಿ/ಕುಲಸಚಿವರ ಆಪ್ತ ಸಹಾಯಕರು ಗು.ವಿ. ಕಲಬುರಗಿ ಮಾಹಿತಿಗಾಗಿ

B. A. I Semester (Core Paper)**Micro Economic Theory**

Teaching hrs/week: 06

No. of Credits: 06

Objective:

This course intends to expose the students to the basic principles in Micro economic theory and illustrate with applications:

Module-I: Introduction

Definitions of Economics-wealth, welfare, scarcity, and growth oriented, Nature and scope of Economics, Problem of scarcity and choice, Assumptions of Economics,

Module-II: Consumer Behavior and Demand

Cardinal Approach- Law of Diminishing Marginal Utility, Law of Equi-Marginal Utility, Ordinal Approach- Indifference curves, Meaning & properties, concepts of consumer surplus, Law of demand, Determinants of demand, Elasticity of demand, Meaning and types.

Module-III: Theory of Production and supply

Production Function, Law of Returns, Cost of Production-Cost concepts, cost curves- short Run and Long Run, Concepts of Revenue- TR, AR and MR, Supply- Law of Supply, .

Module-IV: Product Pricing

Perfect competition- Meaning, Features, Price- output determination, Monopoly- Meaning, Features, Price- output determination, price Discrimination, Monopolistic competition- Meaning, Features, Price- output determination.

Module-V: Factor Pricing

Marginal Productivity Theory, Rent- Ricardian Theory, Modern Theory, Quasi-Rent, Wages- Subsistence Theory, Modern Theory, Interest- Classical and Keynesian Theories, Profit-Risk Theory, Innovations Theory.

Module-VI: Introduction to Welfare Economics

Meaning, Concepts of Social and Economic welfare, Pigou's welfare analysis, Pareto optimality

Reference Books:

1. Asimakopulos, "Micro Economics" Oxford University Press.
2. Karl. E. case and Ray, C Fair "Principles of Economics" Pearson Education, Inc, 8th edition (2007)
3. Abuja, H. I "Advanced Economic Theory" S. chand and Co
4. Jhingan, M. L, "Principles of Economics" Vrinda Publishers
5. Seth, M, L "Principles of Economics", Laxminarayan Agaral Publishing House.



ಅರ್ಥ ಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ ಮತ್ತು
ಸಂಶೋಧನಾ ವಿಭಾಗ
ಕುಲಬರ್ಗಾ ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾಲಯ, ಕಲಬುರಗಿ

B. A. II Semester (Core Paper)**Macro Economic Theory**

Teaching hrs/week: 06

No. of Credits: 06

Objective:

This course introduces students to basic concepts in Macro economics and enables them to understand and analyse the functioning of economy at aggregate level.

Module-I: Introduction to Macro Economics:

Meaning, Definitions Nature and Scope, Importance of, Macroeconomics.

Module-II: National Income Accounting:

Concepts of National Income, Definition, GNP, GDP and NNP, Per-capita, methods of Measurement of National Income, Difficulties, Importance

Module-III: Classical Theory of Income and Output determination:

• Introduction, Laissaze-fair policy Classical theory of income and output, Say's law of Market, Pigou's views on wage output determination.

Module-IV: Keynesian Economics- I

Keynesian Theory of Income and output determination, Concept of effective demand, consumption function, APC and MPC, Psychological law of consumption, Investment function, MEC and its determinants

Module-V: Theory of inflation


Causes, Consequences, and Remedial Measures. Deflation and its Effects

Module-VI: Business Cycles:

Meaning, Features, Types of Business cycles, Phases, Causes and Consequences, Theories of Business Cycles- Schumpeter's Theory, Haw trey's Theory.

Reference Books:

1. Case Karl. E. and Ray, C Fair "Principles of Macro Economics", 7th edition Prentice Hall.
2. Ahuja. H. L, "Macro Economics: Theory and Policy" S. Chand and co
3. Jhingan, M. L, "Macro Economics" Vrinda Publishers
4. Vaish, M. C: "Macro Economics", Mittal Publications
5. Gupta and Verma: "Keynes and Post Keynesian Economics", Kalyani Publications.


ಮುಖ್ಯಸ್ಥರು
ಅರ್ಥ ಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ ಮತ್ತು
ಸಂಶೋಧನಾ ವಿಭಾಗ
ಗುಲಬರ್ಗಾ ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾಲಯ, ಕಲಬುರಗಿ

4

B.A.III rd Semester(Core)

Public Economics.

Teaching hours week:06

Number of credits:06

Objective.

This course is a non-technical overview of government finances with special reference to India. It will look into the efficiency and equity aspects of taxation of the centre, states and the local governments and the issues of fiscal federalism and decentralization in India.

Module.I: Theory 1. Overview of Fiscal Functions, Tools of Normative Analysis, Pareto Efficiency, Equity and the Social Welfare.

Module.II: Market Failure, Public Good, club goods, Merit goods and local public goods and Externalities.

Module.III: Elementary Theories of Product and Factor Taxation (Excess Burden and Incidence).

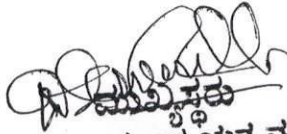
Module.IV: Working of Monetary and Fiscal Policies in India .

Module.V: Current Issues of India's Tax System, Analysis of Budget and Deficits

Module.VI: Fiscal Federalism in India, Finance commissions, State and Local Finances

Reference Books

1. Musgrave, R.A. and P.B. Musgrave, Public Finance in Theory and Practice, Mc-Graw Hill, 1989.
2. Mahesh Purohit , "Value Added Tax: Experience of India and Other Countries", Gayatri Publications, 2007.
3. Kaushik Basu, and A. Maertens (ed.), The Oxford Companion to Economics in India, Oxford University Press, 2007.
4. M.M Sury, Government Budgeting in India, Commonwealth Publishers, 1990.
5. Shankar Acharya, "Thirty years of tax reform" in India, Economic and Political Weekly, May 2005.
6. Government of India, Report of the 13th Finance Commission.
7. Economic Survey, Government of India (latest). 8. State Finances: A Study of Budgets, Reserve Bank of India (latest)


ಅಧ್ಯಕ್ಷರು
ಅರ್ಥಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ ಮತ್ತು
ಸಂಶೋಧನಾ ವಿಭಾಗ
ಕುಲಬರಗಾಂವಿ ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾಲಯ, ಕಲಬುರಗಿ

5

B. A. III Semester (Generic Elective)

INDIAN ECONOMY

Teaching hrs/week: 02

No. of Credits: 02

Objective: This paper intends to give general outline of Indian Economy to the students.

Module-I: Introduction:

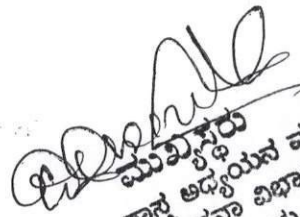
Features of Indian Economy, National Income- Trends and Composition, per-capita Income, Human Development Index Population- Size, Growth and Composition, Causes of Rapid Growth of Population, Effects and Remedial Measures, Population Policy

Module-II: Agriculture and Industrial Sector in India:

Importance of Agriculture, Agriculture Productivity, Agriculture Finance, Agriculture Marketing, Green Revolution Role of Industrial Sector, Industrial policies- 1956, 1991, Micro, Small, Medium and Large Scale Industries, Industrial Finance, RBI, Foreign Trade-Size, Composition and direction, VAT, GST, Recent finance Commission. , NITI, Ayog, Economic Reforms- NEP, WTO and India

References:

1. Ruddar Dutt: Indian economy
2. Mishra and Puri: Indian economy
3. Uma Kapil; Indian economy since Independence
4. Agarwal . A N: Indian economy- problems in development and planning
5. Ahluwalia, I and I. M. d little; India's Economic Reforms and Development.


ಅಧ್ಯಾಪಕ ಪ್ರಾಧ್ಯಾಪಕರು
ಸಂಶೋಧನಾ ವಿಭಾಗ
ಸಿಬಿಬಿಎಸ್ ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾಲಯ, ಕಲಬುರಗಿ

B.A.IVth Semester :(Core)**STATISTICAL METHODS FOR ECONOMICS**

Teaching hours/week

Number of Credits:06

Objective: : This paper exposes students to the Basic Statistics and use of various statistical tools in economics.

Module I. Introduction and Overview;

The distinction between populations and samples and between population parameters and sample statistics; the use of measures of location and variation to describe and summarize data; population moments and their sample counterparts.

Module II. Elementary Probability Theory.

Sample spaces and events; probability axioms and properties; counting techniques; conditional probability and Bayes' rule; independence.

Module 3. Random Variables and Probability Distributions.

Defining random variables; probability distributions; expected values of random variables and of functions of random variables; properties of commonly used discrete and continuous distributions (uniform, binomial, normal, poisson and exponential random variables).

Module 4. Random Sampling and Jointly Distributed Random Variables

Density and distribution functions for jointly distributed random variables; computing expected values; covariance and correlation coefficients.

Module 5. Sampling Principal steps in a sample survey;

Methods of sampling; the role of sampling theory; properties of random samples.

Module 6. Point and Interval Estimation

Estimation of population parameters using methods of moments and maximum likelihood procedures; properties of estimators; confidence intervals for population parameters.

Readings: 1. Jay L. Devore, Probability and Statistics for Engineers, Cengage Learning, 2010.

2. John E. Freund, Mathematical Statistics, Prentice Hall, 1992.

3. Richard J. Larsen and Morris L. Marx, An Introduction to Mathematical Statistics 11 and its Applications, Prentice Hall, 2011.

4. William G. Cochran, Sampling Techniques, John Wiley, 2007.



ಅರ್ಥ ಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ ಮತ್ತು
ಸಂಶೋಧನಾ ವಿಭಾಗ
ಕುಲಕರ್ಣಿ ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾಲಯ, ಕಲಬುರಗಿ

7

B. A. IV Semester (Generic Elective)

MONETARY ECONOMICS

Teaching hrs/week: 02

No. of Credits: 02

Objective: This paper exposes students to the theory and functioning of the monetary and financial sector of the economy.

Module-I: Introduction:


Money- Meaning, Functions, Static and Dynamic Functions, Supply of money, Meaning, Measurement- Index numbers, Theories of Value of money- Cash Transaction and Cash Balance Approach, Inflation and Deflation Money market- Meaning, Organization, functions and defects, Capital Markets- Meaning, Structure, functions and defects, Money and Capital market reforms in India

Module-II: Banking:

Meaning, Types, Functions, credit creation, Portfolio Management, Banking instruments- e-Banking, credit and debit cards, ETF, RTGS and NEFT, NPA of Banks , Functions of central Bank, Methods of credit control, Role of central Bank and , Monetary and Fiscal Policies

References:

1. Meir, G Kohn (1993): Money, Banking and Financial Markets
2. Roger Ley Roy Miller and David D Van Hoose (1993) Modern Money and Banking (3rd edn)
3. Mishra and Puri: Monetary Economics
4. M. C. Vaish: Monetary Economics
5. Kulkarni and Kalkundrikar: Monetary Economics
6. Monetary Economics: M. L. Seth
7. Theory and Banking: R. Parameshwaran and & S. Natarajan


ಮುಖ್ಯಸ್ಥರು
ಅರ್ಥ ಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ ಮತ್ತು
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ಕಲಬುರಗಿ ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾಲಯ, ಕಲಬುರಗಿ

B.A.V Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC)**FINANCIAL ECONOMICS**

Teaching hours/week :2

Number of credits:02

Objective: The course is designed to impart the essential aspects of financial asset valuation.

Module I. Deterministic cash-flow streams Basic theory of interest;

Discounting and present value; internal rate of return; evaluation criteria; fixed-income securities; bond prices and yields; interest rate sensitivity and duration; immunisation; the term structure of interest rates; yield curves; spot rates and forward rates.

Module II. Single-period random cash flows Random asset returns;

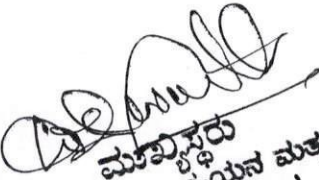
Portfolios of assets; portfolio mean and variance; feasible combinations of mean and variance; mean-variance portfolio analysis: the Markowitz model and the two-fund theorem; risk-free assets and the one-fund theorem.

Module III. Capital Asset Pricing Model (CAPM)

The capital market line; the capital asset pricing model; the beta of an asset and of a portfolio; security market line; use of the CAPM model in investment analysis and as a pricing formula

Readings

1. David G. Luenberger, Investment Science, Oxford University Press, USA, 1997.
2. Richard A. Brealey and Stewart C. Myers, Principles of Corporate Finance, McGrawHill, 7th edition, 2002.
3. Burton G. Malkiel, A Random Walk Down Wall Street, W.W. Norton & Company, 2003.
4. Simon Benninga, Financial Modeling, MIT Press, USA, 1997.


 ಮುಖ್ಯಸ್ಥರು
 ಅರ್ಥ ಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ ಮತ್ತು
 ಸಂಶೋಧನಾ ವಿಭಾಗ
 ವಿಲಬರ್ಗ್ ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾಲಯ, ಕಲಬುರಗಿ

B. A. V Semester (Core Paper)**INDIAN ECONOMY -I**

Teaching hrs/week: 06

No. of Credits: 06

Objective:

This paper introduces students to basic feature of Indian economy and its structure. It also highlights recent developments in Indian economic structure.

Module-I: Introduction:

Features of Indian Economy, National Income- Trends, Composition, per-capita Income, Difficulties in Measurement

Module-II: Human Resource of India:

Population- Importance, Size, Composition, Growth, demographic dividend, Causes and consequences of rapid Growth of Population, population control measures, Population Policy

Module-III: Agriculture Sector:

Role of Agriculture, Agriculture Productivity- causes of low productivity and remedies, Cropping Pattern – changes in recent years, Land Reforms- objectives, structure, Agriculture credit- sources, Agriculture Marketing- Structure, Problems and Policy measures, Green Revolution and new technology.

Module-IV: Industrial Sector:

Industrial policy Resolutions- 1956, 1991, Performance and Problems of Large Scale Industries- Iron and Steel, Cotton Textile, MSME's- Importance, Problems and Policy measures, Industrial Sickness

Module-V: Infrastructure:

Concept-Physical and social infrastructure, it's role in the economy, Road Transport, Railway, Airway, Energy, Tele-communication

Module-VI: Industrial Labour:

Meaning, Features, Trade Union Movement, social security Measures, Labour Reforms in India

References:

1. Ruddar Dutt: Indian Economy
2. Mishra and Puri: Indian Economy
3. Agarwal . A N: Indian economy- problems in development and planning
4. Dhingra: I. C: Indian Economy
5. Uma Kapila: An Overview of Indian Economy Vol-I-IV.



ಅರ್ಥ ಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ ಮತ್ತು
ಸಂಶೋಧನಾ ವಿಭಾಗ
ಗುಲಬರ್ಗಾ ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾಲಯ, ಕಲಬುರಗಿ

10

B. A. V Semester (DSE Paper-A)

ECONOMIC OF GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT

Teaching hrs/week: 06

No. of Credits: 06

Objective:

This paper aims at introducing students to the basic of growth and development economics. It also aims at enabling students to understand theoretical underpinnings of development economics.

Module-I: Introduction:

Concepts of Economic development and growth, Measurement- GNP, PCI, PQLI, HDI, GEM, HPI, Obstacles, to growth and development

Module-II: The classical theories of growth:

Adam Smith, David Ricardo, Malthus, Marx's Theory, Schumpeter's Theory

Module-III: Neo-Classical Theories:

Harrod- Domar Model, Joan Robinson Model R. M. Solow's Module

Module-IV: Partial Theories of Economic Growth:

Rostow's stages of Economic Growth, Theory of Balanced Growth, unbalanced Growth Theory, Big Push Theory, Theory of Critical Minimum Effort, Lewis model

Module-V: Components of Economic Development:

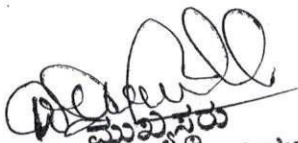
Natural Resources, Human Resources- Theory of Demographic Transition, Optimum Population, Capital Formation- capital output Ratio, Role of technology- Technical Choice

Module-VI: Poverty and Income Inequalities:

Poverty- Measurement, Causes, Income inequalities-measurement, causes, Policies to reduce poverty and income inequalities

References:

1. Ghatak, Subrata: Introduction to Development Economics(1995)
2. Adelman Irma: Theories of Economic Growth and Development
3. Mishra. S. K and Puri U. K: Economics of Development and Planning(2006)
4. Jhingan. M. L: The Economics of Development and Planning(2007)
5. Kindleberger. C. P : Economic Development.


ಮುಖ್ಯಸ್ಥರು
ಅರ್ಥ ಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ ಮತ್ತು
ಸಂಶೋಧನಾ ವಿಭಾಗ
ಕುಲಬರ್ಗಾ ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾಲಯ, ಕಲಬುರಗಿ

B. A. V Semester (DSE Paper-B)

ECONOMIC THOUGHT

Teaching hrs/week: 06

No. of Credits: 06

Objective:

This paper enables students to understand some important economic ideas of prominent western and Indian economic thinkers.

Module-I: Classical Economic Thought:

Adam Smith- Life and works, Principles of division of Labour, Theory of value, David Ricardo- Life and works, Theory of Distribution-Rent Theory, Alfred Marshall- Life and works- Theory of Consumers Behavior

Module-II: Karl Marx:

Life and works, Labour theory of value, Theory of Surplus value, class struggle, Scientific socialism

Module-III: Early Indian Economic Thought:

Kautilya- National Economy, Agriculture, Labour, Welfare state, Private Property, Views on Public finance, Basaveshwara- views on Kayaka, Dasoha, Limiting of wants and social Justice

Module-IV: Mahatma Gandhi:

Life and works, wants and austerity, Gramswaraj, Sarvodaya, Khadi and Village Industries, Dignity of Labour, doctrine of trusteeship

Module-V: Dr. B. R. Ambedkar:

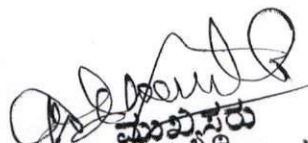
Life and works, views on money and Public finance, state socialism, provincial finance, small holdings and collective farming, pooling of resources, inclusive growth

Module-VI: Amartyasen:

Life and works, Famine and Poverty, Human Development, Gender Equality, social choice Theory

References:

1. Schumpeter Joseph: History of Economic Analysis
2. Stonier and Hague: History of Economic Thought
3. Eric Roll: History of Economic Thought
4. Loganathan: History of Economic Thought
5. Jhingan. M. L: History of Economic Thought
6. Ghosh. B.N: Concise History of Economic Thought.


ಮುಖ್ಯಸ್ಥರು
ಅರ್ಥ ಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ ಮತ್ತು
ಸಂಶೋಧನಾ ವಿಭಾಗ
ಜಿಲ್ಲಾಬಗ್ಗಾ ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾಲಯ, ಕಲಬುರಗಿ

12

B.A.VI Semester Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC)

Environmental Economics.

Teaching hours/week:02

Number of Credits:02

Objective: This course introduces students to concepts, methods and policy options in managing the environment using tools of economic analysis.

Module. I. Introduction Key environmental issues and problems,

Economic way of thinking about these problems, basic concepts from economics; Pareto optimality and market failure in the presence of externalities; property rights and other approaches.

Module. II. The Design and Implementation of Environmental Policy Overview,


Pigouvian taxes and effluent fees, tradable permits, implementation of environmental policies in India and international experience; transboundary environmental problems; economics of climate change.

Module.III Environmental Valuation,

Methods and Applications Valuation of non-market goods and services--theory and practice; measurement methods; cost-benefit analysis of environmental policies and regulations. Sustainable Development Concepts; measurement; perspectives from Indian experience

Readings

1. Roger Perman, Yue Ma, Michael Common, David Maddison and James McGilvray, "Natural Resource and Environmental Economics", Pearson Education/Addison 1 Wesley, 4th edition, 2011.
2. Charles Kolstad, "Intermediate Environmental Economics", Oxford University Press, 2nd edition, 2010. 3. Robert N. Stavins (ed.), "Economics of the Environment: Selected Readings", W.W. Norton, 6th edition, 2012.
4. Robert Solow, "An Almost Practical Step toward Sustainability," Resources for the Future 40th anniversary lecture, 1992.
5. Kenneth Arrow et al., "Are We Consuming Too Much?" Journal of Economic Perspectives, 18(3): 147-172, 2004.
6. IPCC (Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change), Fifth Assessment Report (forthcoming 2014).


ಮಾನ್ಯ ಪ್ರಾಚಾರ್ಯರು
ಅರ್ಥ ಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ ಮತ್ತು
ಸಂಶೋಧನಾ ವಿಭಾಗ
ಗುಲಬರ್ಗಾ ವಿಶ್ವವಿದ್ಯಾಲಯ, ಕಲಬುರಗಿ

B. A. VI Semester (Core Paper)**INDIAN ECONOMY -II**

Teaching hrs/week: 06

No. of Credits: 06

Objective:

This paper introduces students to basic feature of Indian economy and its structure. It also highlights recent developments in Indian economic structure.

Module-I: Banking Industry in India:

Commercial Banking- History, Nationalization of Banks, Problems of Public Sector Banks, Emergency of Private Sector Banks, Banking Sector Reforms, Reserve Bank of India- Functions and Role in India's development, demonetization.

Module-II: India's Foreign Trade:

Size, Composition and Directions of India's Foreign Trade, Balance of Payment, Problem-causes, consequences and remedies

Module-III: Public Finance-I:

Sources of Revenues of Central and State Governments, Direct and Indirect Taxes in India- Merits and Demerits, Tax reforms, VAT, GST

Module-IV: Public Finance-II:

Public Expenditure- structure and growth, causes, Public debt- growth, causes, effects, debt of state governments, Finance commission- Functions, Recent finance commission

Module-V: Planning and Economic Development:


Five year Plans- Objectives, Achievements and Failures, XII Five year plan, NITI, Ayog, Poverty and Unemployment, Removal Programmes- MGNREGA

Module-VI: Economic Reforms:

1991 BOP crisis, New Economic Policy- LPG, WTO and India

References:

1. Ruddar Dutt: Indian Economy
2. Mishra and Puri: Indian Economy
3. Agarwal . A N: Indian economy- problems in development and planning
4. Dhingra: I. C: Indian Economy
5. Uma Kapila: An Overview of Indian Economy Vol-I-IV.



ಮುಖ್ಯಸ್ಥರು
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14

B. A. VI Semester (DSE-A)

KARNATAKA ECONOMY

Teaching hrs/week: 06

No. of Credits: 06

Objective:

This paper introduces students to basic feature of Karnataka economy and gives idea about the functioning of Karnataka economy.

Module-I: Introduction:

Features, Place in the National Economy, Natural Resources, State Domestic Product(SDP), per-capita Income

Module-II: Human Resources:

Population- Size, Trends, Composition, Literacy rate, HDI

Module-III: Agriculture Development:

Importance, Cropping Pattern, Agriculture Productivity, Horticulture and Plantation crops, Sericulture, Agriculture Productivity, Land Reforms in Karnataka

Module-IV: Industrial Development:

Evaluation of Industrial Sector, Industrial Development Programmes and Policies, Major Industries, Small Scale Industries, IT and BT Industries

Module-V: Co-operative Movement in Karnataka:


Historical background, Aims and Objectives, Agriculture co-operatives, Industrial co-operatives, Urban co-operatives, Problems of Co-operative Movement, Reforms in Co-operative Sector

Module-VI: Regional Imbalances:

Concepts of regional imbalances Extent, causes, consequences, removal of regional imbalances-HPCRRI Recommendations (Dr, Nanjundappa Committee), Article 371(J)

References:

1. M. V. S Gowda and D. T. N Gowda: Economic Development of Karnataka- Leading Issues
2. Puttaswamaih: Karnataka: A Treatise in Development and Change
3. Hemalata Rao: Regional Disparities and Development in Karnataka
4. Government of Karnataka: Economic Survey
5. Government of Karnataka: Karnataka at a Glance.


ಮುಖ್ಯಸ್ಥರು
ಅರ್ಥ ಶಾಸ್ತ್ರ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ ಮತ್ತು
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B. A. VI Semester (DSE-B)**RURAL DEVELOPMENT**

Teaching hrs/week: 06

No. of Credits: 06

Objective:

This paper introduces students to the basic of rural development and gives an overview of rural development in India.

Module-I: Introduction:

Meaning, Nature and Scope of rural development, objectives, Need of rural development, characteristics of rural economy, indicators of rural development, rural-urban linkages, rural-urban disparities

Module-II: Approaches to Rural Development in India:

Gandhian Approach- Gramswaraj, Sarvodaya, Swadeshi, Community Development Programme, IRDP, MGNREGA, PURA

Module-III: Issues in Rural Development:

Rural indebtedness, Poverty and Unemployment, Rural-Urban Migration, Globalization and its impact on rural economy

Module-IV: Poverty Alleviation and Employment generation Programmes:

TRYSEM, PMGSY, JRY, DIC and skill Development Programmes

Module-V: Panchayat Raj Institutions and NGO's:


Evaluations of PR institutions in India, Aims and Objectives, Panchayat Raj Institutions in Karnataka- Structure, Functions, progress, Role of NGO's in Rural Developments

Module-VI: Self Help Groups:

Evaluation, Meaning, Types, Role in Micro Finance, SHG's and women empowerment, problems

References:

1. Thomas William and A. J. Christopher: Rural Development-Concepts and Recent Approaches(2011)
2. N. Mukundan: Rural Development and Poverty Eradication in India
3. Desai: Rural Development
4. Chambers. R (1983): Rural Development: Putting the last First
5. Chandha. G. K and A. N Sharma(1997): Growth, Employment and Poverty: Change and Continuity in Rural India.


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